

*Austropyrgus pagodoid*es Clark, Miller & Ponder, 2003



Austropyrgus pagodoides showing sexual dimorphismin shell form- keeled males, smooth female (from Qark et al. 2003).



Distribution of Austropyrgus pagodoides.

Diagnostic features

mm)

This species belongs to the *Austropyrgus sparsus* group, with members characterised by the following shell features: small to medium-sized shells, conical, with convex to slightly convex whorls. In females, the coiled oviduct is of an inverted U-shape or with two or more bends, loops or twists.

Austropyrgus pagodoides differs from other members of the group in the following combination of characters: shell medium in size, with last whorl and base either evenly convex (females) or strongly angled to keeled (males) (see line drawings of shells); seminal receptacle located at anterior edge of bursa copulatrix, and the coiled oviduct and bursal duct join just behind pallial wall.

This species is among the more unusual members of the genus and indeed of the Australian tateid fauna, in that there is marked sexual dimorphism - males possess a prominent keel on the whorls, whereas females lack this keel.

Classification

Austropyrgus pagodoides Clark, Miller & Ponder, 2003

Class Gastropoda Infraclass Caenogastropoda Order Littorinida Suborder Rissoidina Superfamily Truncatelloidea Family Tateidae

Genus Austropyrgus Cotton, 1942

Original name: Austropyrgus pagodoides Clark, Miller & Ponder, 2003. *In* Clark, S. A., Miller, A. C. & Ponder, W. F. (2003). Revision of the snail genus *Austropyrgus* (Gastropoda: Hydrobiidae): A morphostatic radiation of freshwater gastropods in southeastern Australia. *Records of the Australian Museum* Supplement 28: 1–109.

Type locality: Lake Sorell, Tasmania.

Biology and ecology

In streams on water weeds, hard substrata (rocks etc.) and crawling on litter and sediment. Can be locally abundant. Assumed to feed by scraping bacteria and microalgae. Lay solitary capsules containing a single egg. Direct development.

Distribution

This species is restricted to Lake Sorell, central Tasmania.

Notes

Most species of *Austropyrgus* are geographically isolated and have restricted ranges, and this one is no exception.

Further reading

Clark, S. A., Miller, A. C. & Ponder, W. F. (2003). Revision of the snail genus *Austropyrgus* (Gastropoda: Hydrobiidae): a morphostatic radiation of freshwater gastropods in southeastern Australia. *Records of the Australian Museum* 28: 1–109.

To cite this resource: Ponder, W. F., Hallan, A., Shea, M. E., Clark, S. A., Richards, K., Klunzinger, M. W., and Kessner, V. 2023. Australian Freshwater Molluscs. Revision 2.

https://keys.lucidcentral.org/keys/v3/freshwater_molluscs/

To contact the authors for comment or suggestions, please email: fwmollusc@gmail.com

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