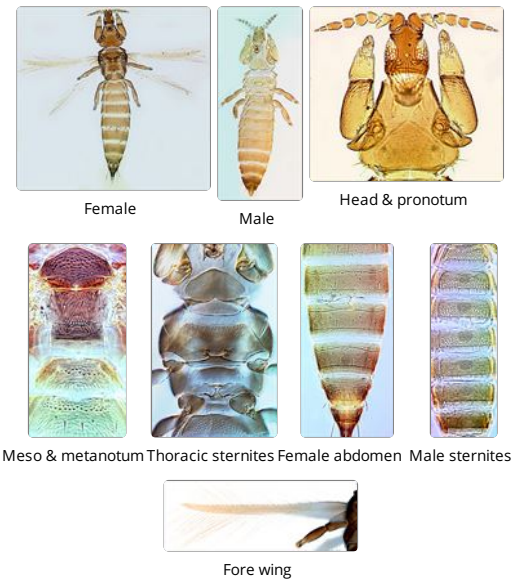


Arorathrips mexicanus



Distinguishing features

Female macroptera. Body dark brown when mature, teneral individuals with abdomen pale. Antennae 8-segmented, III-IV with stout simple sense cone; II prolonged on external margin with small terminal sensorium. Head small and projecting in front of eyes, vertex usually with 3 pairs of setae. Pronotum trapezoidal with 2 pairs of posteroangular setae slightly longer than posteromarginals. Fore coxae enlarged and transverse; fore femora swollen; fore tibia extending laterally along external margin of fore tarsus. Meso and metafurca weakly developed, mesofurcal pits widely separated; meta pre-episternum reduced to small triangle. Fore wing slender and acute at apex; first vein with 3 setae on distal half, second vein with 3-4 widely spaced setae. Tergites with many lines of sculpture medially, II-IV with transverse row of small tubercles along antecostal ridge, I-VIII with complete craspedum. Ovipositor weakly developed, without strong teeth. Sternites II-IV with sculpture forming pattern of tubercles medially; VIII with all 3 pairs of setae arising at margin. Male aptera. Body yellow; sternites III-VII with large circular pore plate medially.



Related species

Arorathrips is one of six genera created by Bhatti (1990) for some of the species treated by zur Strassen (1960) in the genus *Chirothrips*. There are now 15 species in *Arorathrips*, all from the New World (Nakahara & Foottit, 2012), but not all of these have the fore tibia prolonged around the fore tarsus as in *A. mexicanus*. However, all of them have the pterothoracic furcae very weakly developed without prominent lateral flanges, and the mesothoracic furcal pits wide apart.

Biological data

Breeding and pupating within individual florets of various Poaceae species with no recorded specificity.

Distribution data

Originally Neotropical, but now worldwide in tropical and sub-tropical areas, and widespread from northern New South Wales across northern areas of Australia.

Family name

THRIPIDAE - THIRIPINAE

Species name

Arorathrips mexicanus (Crawford DL)

Original name and synonyms

Chirothrips mexicanus Crawford DL, 1909: 114

Chirothrips floridensis Watson, 1920: 22

Chirothrips catchingsi Watson, 1924: 76

Chirothrips saltensis Tapia, 1952: 109,

References

Bhatti JS (1990) On some genera related to *Chirothrips* (Insecta: Terebrantia: Thripidae). *Zoology (Journal of Pure and Applied Zoology)* 2: 193-200.

Mound LA & Palmer JM (1972) Grass-flower infesting thrips of the genus *Chirothrips* Haliday in Australia. *Journal of the*

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Nakahara S & Footitt RG (2012) Review of *Chirothrips* and related genera (Thysanoptera: Thripidae) of the Americas, with descriptions of one new genus and four new species. *Zootaxa* 3251: 1–29.

zur Strassen R (1960) Key to and catalogue of the known species of *Chirothrips* Haliday, 1836 (Thysanoptera: Thripidae). *Journal of the entomological Society of southern Africa* 23: 144–176.