

# Prasopphyllum regium

## Name and Authority

**Prasopphyllum regium** R.S.Rogers

## Common Name

King Leek Orchid

## Complex Name

Prasopphyllum elatum (Tall Leek Orchids)

## Originally Described by

Richard Rogers in Trans.& Proc.Roy.Soc.South Australia 42:27 (1918)

## Distribution and Habitat

Perth to Albany, growing in sandy, sandy-clay and clay soils in forests, woodlands, shrublands and seasonally wet flats, flowering best in the season following summer fire. At the northern end of its range the [species](#) is confined to seasonally wet flats and creeklines but at the southern end occupies a range of habitats.

## Flowering Months

. . . . . Oct Nov Dec

## Description

A robust [species](#) 500–2000 mm high with a smooth tubular leaf 450–1200 mm long by 10–18 mm wide and up to 100 greenish-yellow or burgundy flowers 12–16 mm across.

## Distinguishing Features

It is distinguished from the related Tall Leek Orchid (*Prasopphyllum elatum*) by its taller [inflorescence](#) and more numerous, larger flowers. It is also usually just starting to flower by the time that [species](#) is finishing.

## WA Conservation Code (Threatened Status)

Not Listed



[Prasopphyllum regium](#)



[Prasopphyllum regium distribution](#)



[Prasopphyllum regium](#)



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