

Pterostylis mutica

Name and Authority

Pterostylis mutica R.Br.

Synonyms (previous names)

Oligochaetochilus muticus; Hymenochilus muticus

Common Name

Midget Greenhood

Complex Name

Pterostylis mutica (Midget Greenhoods)

Originally Described by

Robert Brown in Prodr. 328 (1810)

Distribution and Habitat

Tambellup to Eucla with a disjunct population at Wongan Hills, growing in sandy, sandy-clay and loamy soils in woodlands and shrublands. Also found in South Australia, Victoria, New South Wales, southern Queensland and Tasmania.

Flowering Months

· · · · · Jul Aug Sep Oct · ·

Description

A small flowered [species](#) 100–200 mm high with four to seven leaves forming a ground-hugging [basal rosette](#) 30–40 mm across, two to three [cauline](#) leaves and up to 15 small, dull green flowers 4–5.5 mm across.

Distinguishing Features

It is distinguished from the related Northampton Midget Greenhood (*Pterostylis sinuata*) by its darker green flowers, [entire](#), rather than wavy margined, [rosette](#) leaves and south-easterly distribution.

WA Conservation Code (Threatened Status)

Not Listed



Pterostylis mutica



[Pterostylis mutica distribution](#)



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